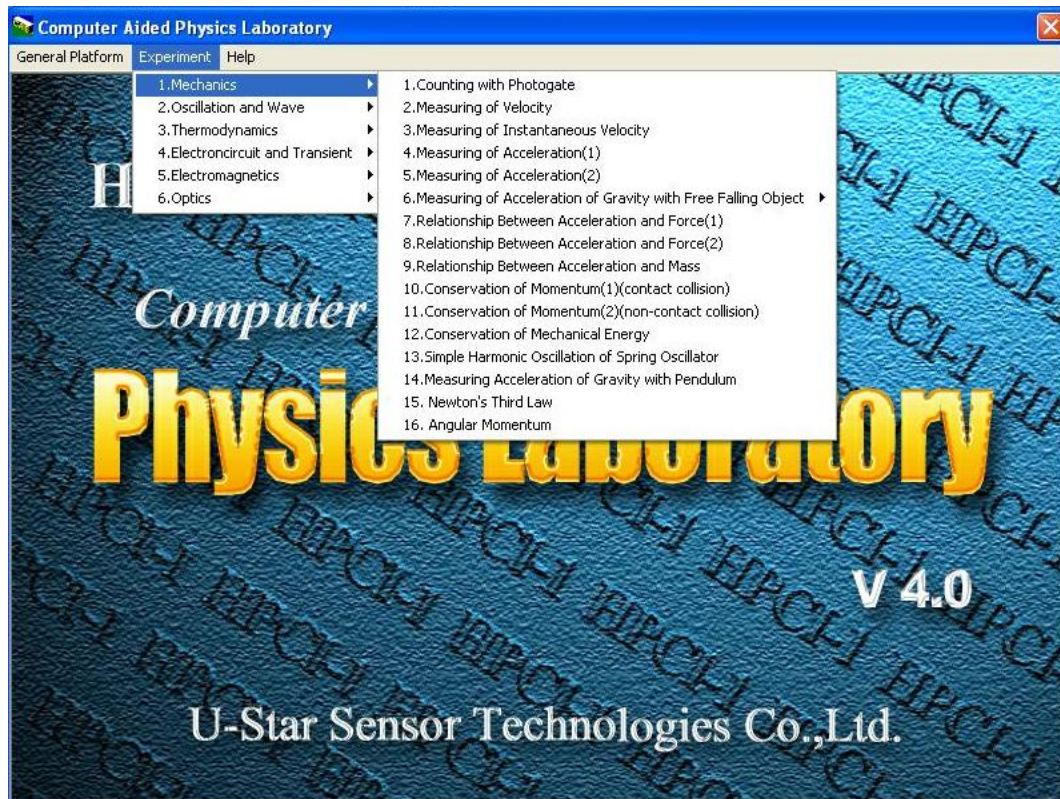


## Prácticas del Laboratorio Chino. Oportunidades



### Equipamiento



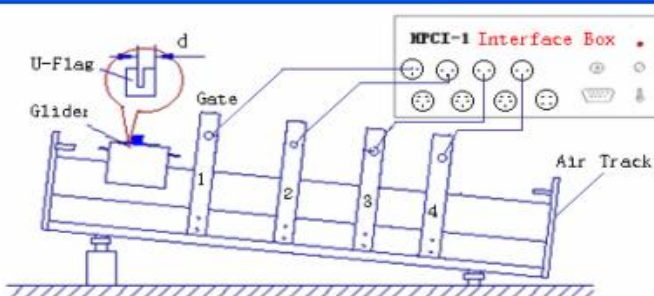
## Práctica de laboratorio: Determinación del valor de $g$





## Montaje de prácticas de laboratorio

**Principle**

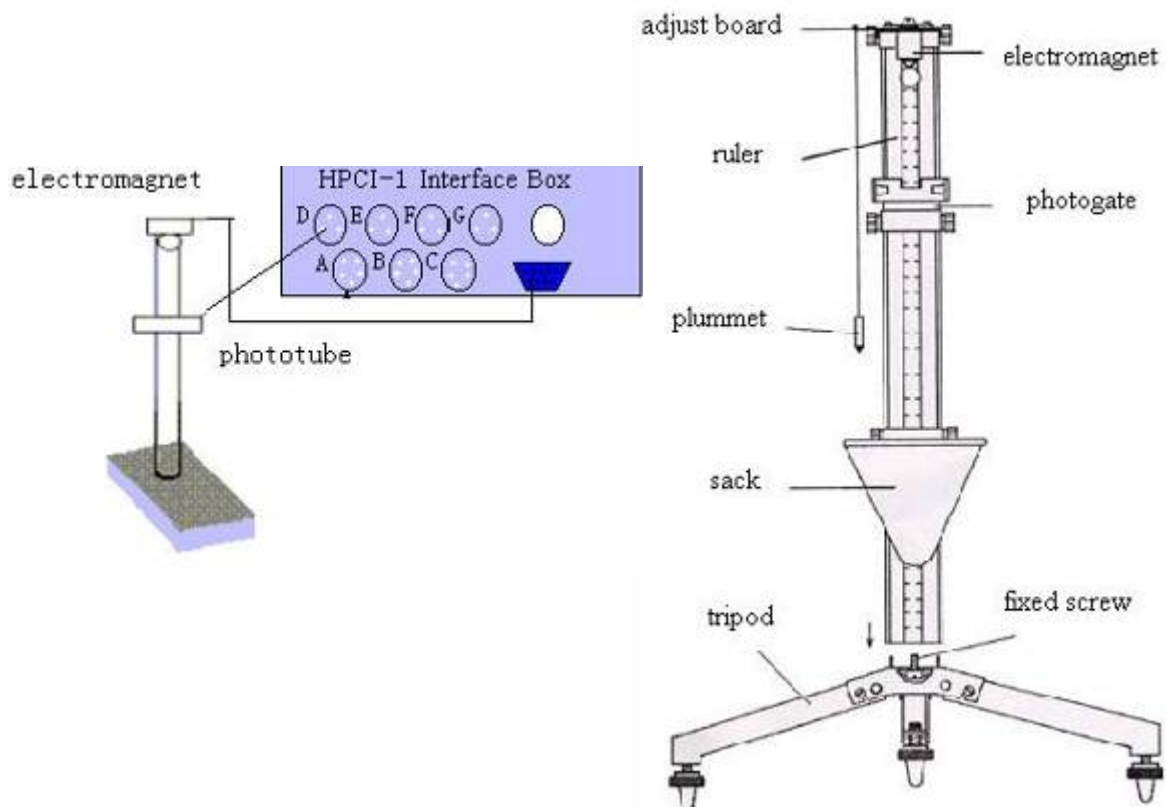


1. The glider on the air track with a constant force makes a uniformly variable velocity motion, without a friction force.

2. The motion is called as the uniformly variable velocity straight-line motion, if the object makes a straight-line motion with the same velocity changes in the same time. The ratio of the velocity change to the time taken in the uniformly variable velocity straight-line motion is called as the acceleration  $\alpha$  of the uniformly variable velocity straight-line motion.

$$\alpha = \frac{v_t - v_0}{t}$$

OK



## Procesamiento de la data experimental

